

Similarities and differences in stakeholder engagement approaches in waste disposal, decommissioning and environmental remediation – Is a common approach possible?

Horst Monken-Fernandes
NEFW-IAEA

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Social Sciences and Humanities in Ionising Radiation Research

Some Basic Definitions – a starting born point for mutual understanding

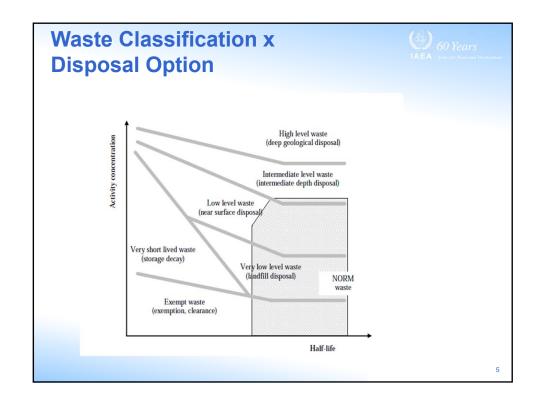
- Remediation Any measures that may be carried out to reduce the radiation
 exposure due to existing contamination of land areas through actions applied to the
 contamination itself (the source) or to the exposure pathways to people.
 - Complete removal of the contamination is not implied.
 - The use of the terms *clean-up*, *rehabilitation* and *restoration* is discouraged.
 - Such terms may be taken to imply that the conditions that prevailed before the
 contamination can be achieved again and unconditional use of the land areas can
 be restored, which is not usually the case
 - Often remediation is used to restore land areas to conditions suitable for limited use under institutional control.

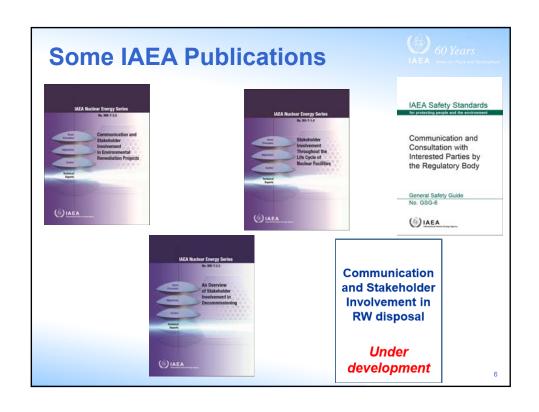
Some Basic Definitions – a starting 60 Years point for mutual understanding

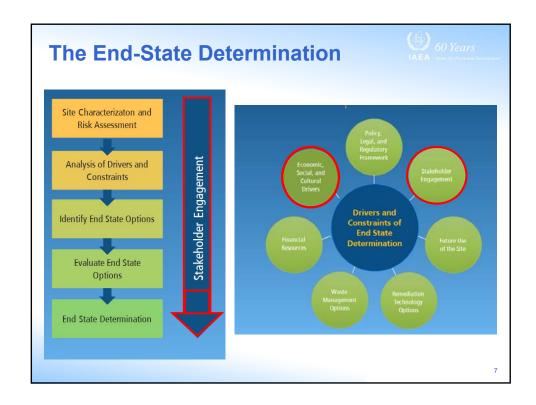
- Decommissioning Administrative and technical actions taken to allow the removal
 of some or all of the regulatory controls from a facility.
 - Facility means buildings, and their associated land and equipment, in which
 radioactive material was or still is produced, processed, used, handled or stored...
 'Land' includes the surface, subsurface soil horizons and any surface or subsurface
 water or aquifers potentially affected by the radioactive material;
 - Decommissioning actions are considered completed when the approved end state of
 the facility has been reached. ... this end state is a result of conducting
 decontamination and/or dismantling, management of waste and clean-up, leading to
 the release of the facility from regulatory control with or without restrictions on its
 future use
 - A facility could be decommissioned without dismantling and the existing structures subsequently put to another use (eventually after decontamination).

Some Basic Definitions – a starting point 60 Years for mutual understanding

- Waste Disposal Emplacement of waste in an appropriate facility without the intention of retrieval
- Disposal (with no intent to retrieve) and Storage (with intent to retrieve)
- The term disposal implies that retrieval is not intended and would require deliberate action to regain access to the waste; it does not mean that retrieval is not possible







Points to Consider



- Public participation in environmental related decisions has spread to many countries and international forums e.g. UN; World Bank
- Controversies over a wide variety of environmental issues
- Decisions that involve consideration of complex technical issues made/driven by laypeople
- Is it the case that a common approach to Stakeholder Engagement and Communication is possible in the three areas (ER, Deco and WD)?

And...

1. Is the communication/engag ement process the same in the 3 situations?



- 2. If not, in which sense are they different?
- 3. In some situations one might be faced with the three activities in

Upcoming activity



- Consultants Meeting in Mol/Belgium (SCK-CEN) to further discuss the issue (August 2018)
- Preparation of a IAEA NE-Series Report to capture the relevant aspects and provide guidance
- Open to the participation of a wide range of professionals
 (e.g. Social Scientists, NGO's representatives, Policy Makers, etc.)
- Your inputs/views will be very valuable

