



PREPARE

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PREPARE General

- PREPARE: Innovative integrated tools and platforms for radiological emergency preparedness and post-accident response in Europe
- Research project under the European Commission's 7th Framework Programme, EURATOM for Nuclear Research and Training Activities (work programme 2012), Fission-2012-3.3.1, Grand Agreement Number 323287
- Start first of February 2013, will last 3 years
- 45 partners
- 6 research work packages
- 1 work package on training and dissemination
- 1 work package on management



Disaster related deaths (DRD)

Figure Number of disaster-related deaths after the Great East Japan Earthquake by prefecture and age

Prefecture	Total	The difference from the previous value	Age group		
			<u><</u> 20	<u>></u> 21 <65	<u>></u> 66
Iwate	446	(5)	1	55	390
Miyagi	900	(11)	2	113	785
Fukushima	1,793	(89)	0	169	1,624
Others	55	(0)	3	10	42
Total	3,194	(105)	6	347	2,841

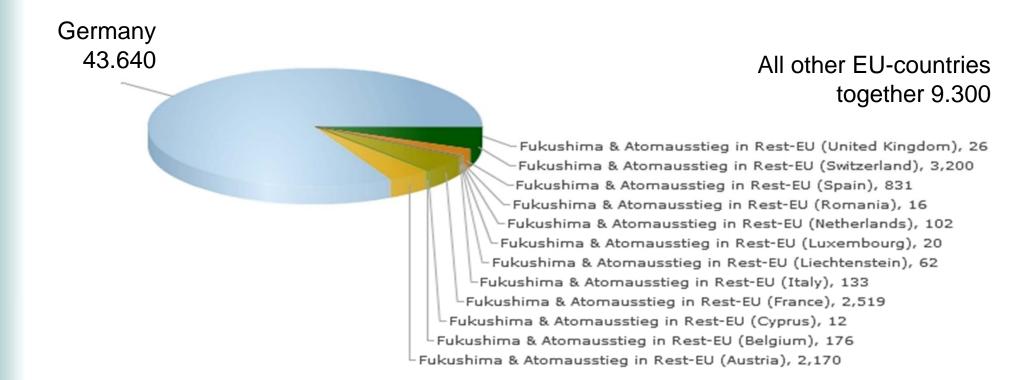
Seiji Yasumura, Fukushima University

(As of Sept. 30, 2014)





Press releases first month after Fukushima



WP2 (Analytical Platform (AP))

Platform for information collection and exchange: The objective is to develop a so called Analytical Platform (AP) for information analysis and exchange in time of nuclear or radiological crisis events allowing discussion between experts on an expert-level and to widespread congruent information on the current situation to the public including mass media. The AP will cover all phases of an emergency and the functionalities will support uncertainty handling in the early beginning of the emergency in case information is sparse.



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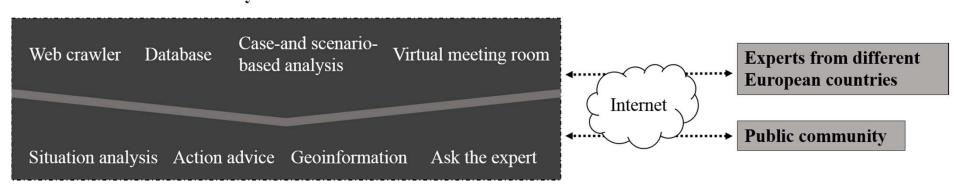


Components of the Platform



- Situation awareness
- Means to communicate with experts and public
 - Virtual meeting room
 - Ask the expert
- Web crawling
- Central database with historic cases and scenarios
- Case-based reasoning functionality to adapt to new situations
- Decision support

Analytical Platform





Knowledge database

- Requirement: Providing a structured storage facility for historic events and fictitious scenarios, their propagation with time and their applied (or applicable) emergency measures
- Objective: Supporting a fast assessment of a current event
- Means:
 - Defining attributes and attribute ranges to provide a unique representation
 - Taking into account decision-making factors and resulting effects
 - Taking into account accident phases and hence the status of the release, type and urgency of countermeasures, type and availability of resources, and relevance of exposure pathways

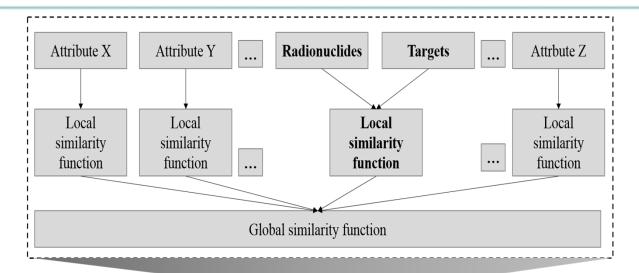






Case Based Reasoning

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Problem description

Number of people affected

Size of affected area

Time of day of release

Season of release

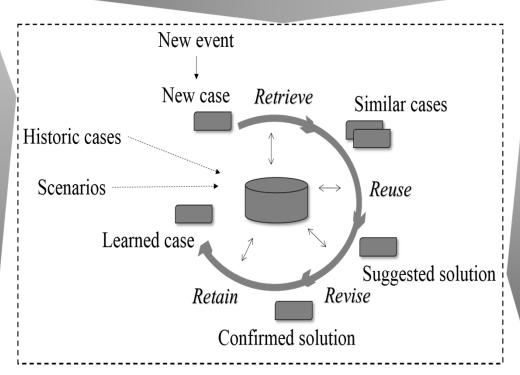
Weather

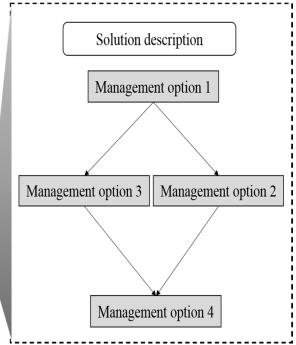
Release duration

Radionuclides released

Targets

Targe







Where are we?

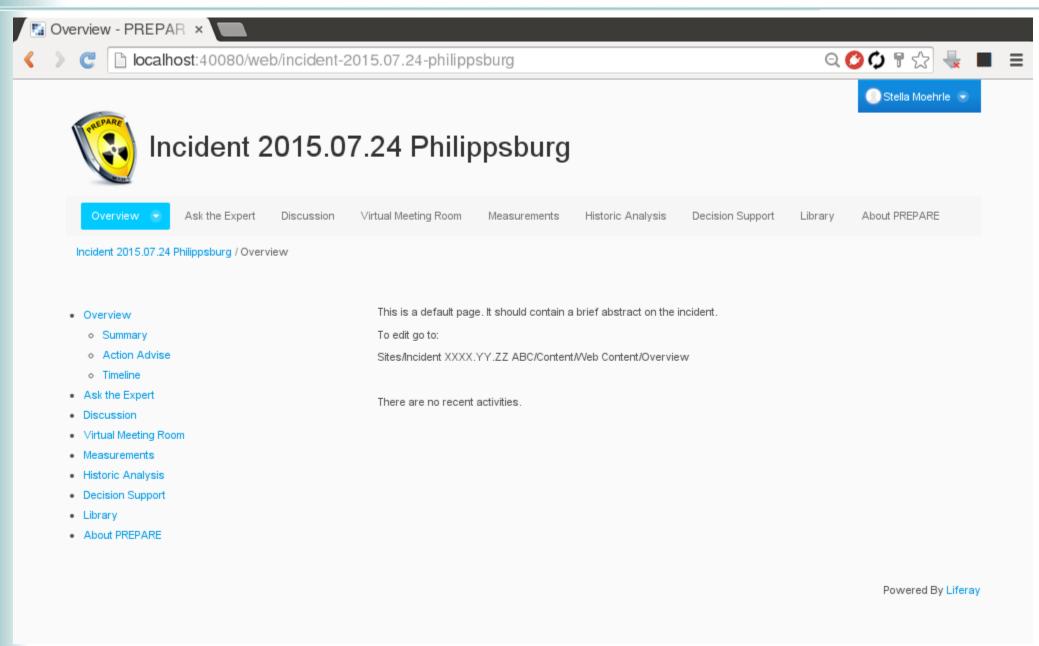


- Data base structure and attributes defined with support of experts
- Several cases defined from
 - Chernobyl accident
 - Windscale fire
 - Fukushima Daiichi nuclear power plant accident
 - Litvinenko poisoning
- Scenarios are under preparation based on WP1 on long lasting releases
- First demonstrator ready for testing by end of June 2015



First Demonstrator of the Platform



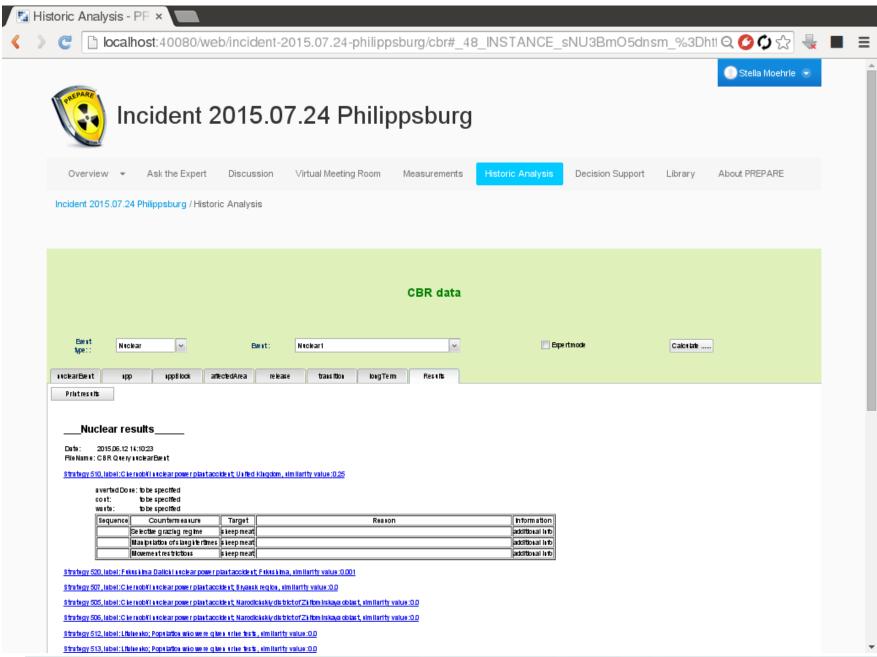






The scenario module





WP6: Information & participation of the public PREPARE

General objectives:

- Investigate the conditions and means for pertinent, reliable and trustworthy information to be made available to the public in due time and according to its needs in the course of nuclear emergency and post-emergency contexts
- Taking into account complexity and dynamic dimensions of information flows
- Grounding on on the empirical analysis on the dynamic of information related to the Fukushima experience (in Japan and Europe) but also on other available experiences in the EU

3 areas of focus:

- Emergency & post-emergency expertise networks interactions
- Information & participation of affected populations
- Evaluation & improvement of global communication (media)



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Important points identified

- Bringing in valuable input from Japanese colleagues as their testimony is unique and mostly needed to develop experts preparedness in Europe
- Stimulating exchanges of experience and discussions on experts responsibility and public confidence, experts collaboration to manage complexity, or effective networking in practice
- Analysis of the use of traditional and social media conducted
 - To support efforts to provide an effective public communication about nuclear or radiological emergencies
 - To identify differences in media reporting about the same nuclear event and with similar radiological consequences in different countries
 - To identify the factors influencing media reporting about a nuclear emergency
- Support the engagement of experts in the Analytical Platform
 - Interviewing experts
 - Defining means for engagement





Summary

- Work in PREPARE is driven from the observations during and after the Fukushima incident
- PREPARE integrates 45 partners from universities, research organisations, operational emergency management centres, industry and NGOs
- Work is part of the Strategic Research Agenda (SRA) of the NERIS Platform, but the SRA is much wider and contains more tasks
- PREPARE is a step forward in harmonisation of emergency management and rehabilitation preparedness in Europe
- Important to assure that the products are applied by end users and for new products (Analytical Platform) end users are identified
- Communication and interaction with stakeholders is crucial and work in this area has to be intensified and better linked with technical tools





Thank you very much for your attention

Questions?



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